

Session: 1.5.3 (4:10 PM - 5:25 PM), Adelaide Convention Center, room R 2/3

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 Is there really a future for Australia-Brazil education, research and training cooperation beyond SWB?

O What are the opportunities and how can they be realized?





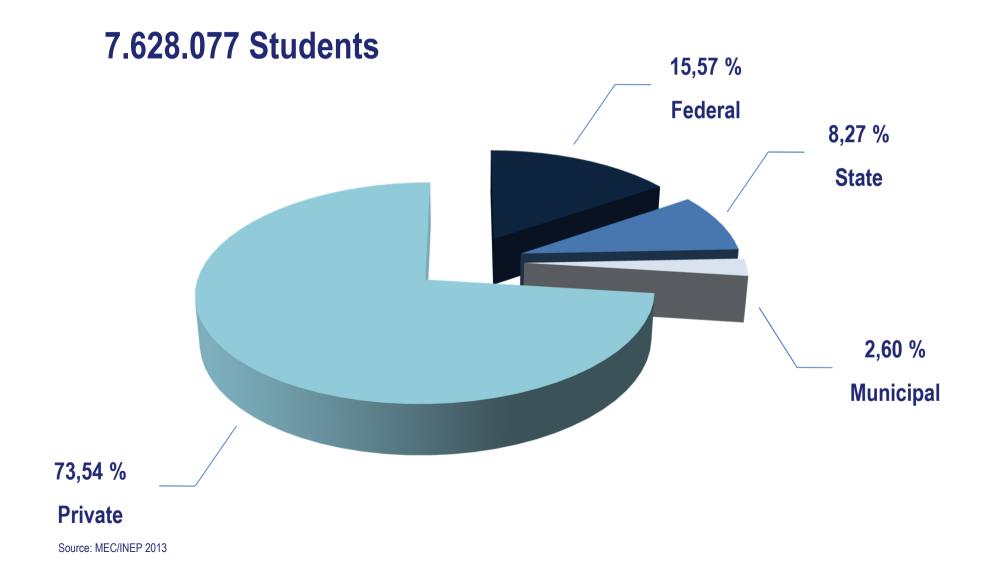
## **Science without Borders**

#	Country	Total
1	United States	32.716
2	United Kingdom	11.352
3	Canada	7.988
4	France	7.701
5	Australia	7.525
6	Germany	6.865
7	Spain	5.337
8	Italy	4.086
9	Ireland	3.522
10	Hungary	2.608
	Other countries	8.775
	Young Talents and Visiting Professors in Brazil	2.971
	Total	101.446



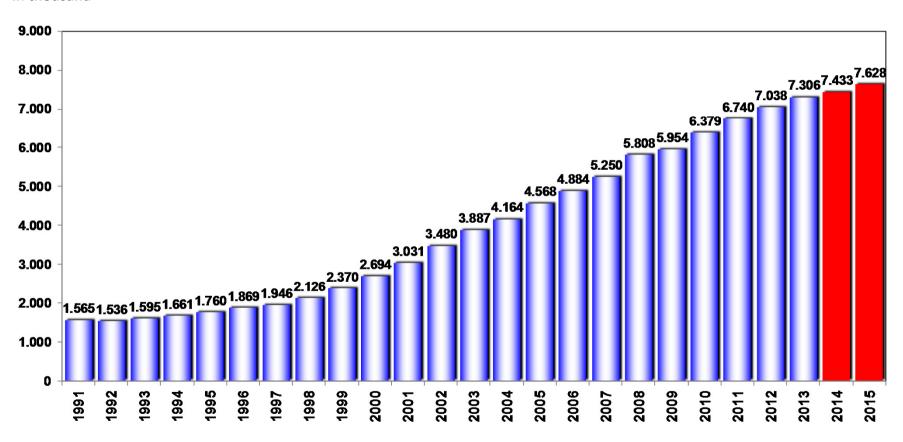
- The 5<sup>th</sup> largest country (after Russia, Canada, China and the US)
- More than 200 million people
- Covers nearly half of South America and represents more than half of its GDP
- The 7<sup>th</sup> largest economy in the world

## **Undergraduate Enrollment - 2015**



## **Undergraduate Enrollment (1991-2015)**

#### In thousand



Source: MEC/INEP

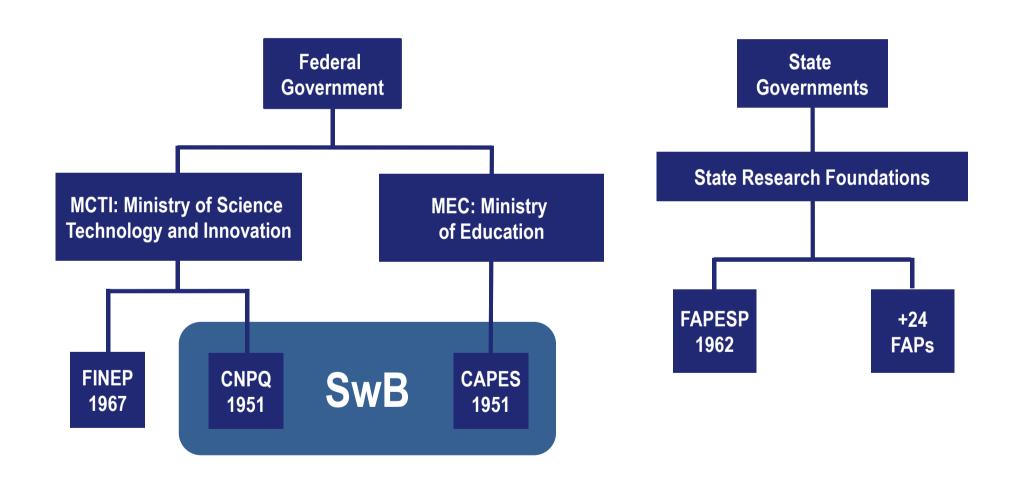


# **Graduate System**

Programs	3.793
Courses	5.674
Research Master	3.158
Professional Master	573
PhD	1.943
PhD/year	14.000









### **Scientific Production - Top 15 countries 2009-2013**

Ranking	Country/Territory	Web of Science Documents	Times Cited	Cites per Document (Impact)
1	USA	1.816.391	14.084.393	7,75
2	CHINA MAINLAND	804.543	3.607.127	4,48
3	GERMANY	478.604	3.602.076	7,53
4	ENGLAND	436.267	3.457.103	7,92
5	JAPAN	386.705	2.131.107	5,51
6	FRANCE	338.126	2.395.743	7,09
7	CANADA	296.558	2.124.775	7,16
8	ITALY	281.243	1.932.901	6,87
9	SPAIN	250.891	1.575.403	6,28
10	INDIA	230.762	877.788	3,81
11	AUSTRALIA	228.120	1.522.493	6,67
12	SOUTH KOREA	225.961	1.035.892	4,58
13	BRAZIL	178.313	623.998	3,51
14	NETHERLANDS	170.435	1.497.503	8,79
15	RUSSIA	143.007	415.684	2,91



## Brazil-Australia Higher Education Forum - 9-10 June 2015 (Brasília) Organized by Universities Australia

#### Some of the Key findings:

- Institutions and governments in Brazil and Australia share many common ambitions for higher education.
- Networking opportunities and discussion forums are immensely helpful for breaking down barriers and establishing new relationships.
- Partnerships, between universities or with industry, need to be strategic, flexible and multifaceted with a long term view.
- Cooperation needs to be of mutual benefit and requires a mutual commitment and mutual investment.



- There is scope to improve two way staff and student mobility between Australia and Brazil.
- Research collaboration often begins with individuals but can be institutionalized with support of an overarching Memorandum of Understanding.
- There is scope to develop more trilateral relationships either between institutions or institutions and industry.



**Tropical medicine initiative** by the Australian Trade Commission (Austrade) – April 2016

- Aim: increase the level of collaboration between Australian and Brazilian universities, Research Institutions and Companies.
- The level of collaboration between both countries is still below its potential.
- Both countries have faced similar issues with tropical diseases such as dengue and malaria and have built up expertise in these areas where collaboration could prove useful to both countries.
- The mission organised by Austrade will include meetings with the largest and most renowned health research institutions in Brazil such as Fiocruz and Instituto Butantan, and top universities.

# FAUBAI

## In focus: Brazil

#### Latino Australia Education (LAE) scholarship

LAE Sent two UFRJ researchers to Australian Universities on a 15-day mission



Wallace Martins (Electrical Engineering)

Macquarie University
University of New South Wales
University of Melbourne



Heloísa Teixeira (Civil Engineering)

University of Melbourne Monash University Swinburne University



### **THANK YOU!**

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